

JAYAMUKHI EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY

JAYAMUKHI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi & affiliated to Kakatiya University, Warangal, T.S)
NARSAMPET, Dist. Warangal – 506 332, (T.S)

	Programme Outcomes (POs) for M. Pharmacy Pharmacology
PO1	Pharmaceutical science knowledge: Apply the knowledge of Biostatics, Physiology, Pharmaceutical physical properties of formulations and factors influencing for pharmacological effects from different dosage form. Enables the students to learn about the advances in pharmacology of various drugs and with respective different formulations. Appraise about pre-clinical evaluation knowledge on various new chemical entities, new formulations and to build and understand the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic principles.
PO2	Unit operations: The Biopharmaceutics renders knowledge about the basic principles of unit operations involve in a physical change or chemical transformation such as crystallization, polymerization, isomerization and other biological reactions taking place in the human body and different factors associated with it. The information useful for both the scientist, students in the area of pharmacology and pharmaceutics.
PO3	Entrepreneurship: The knowledge of different pharmaceutical dosage form and devices effects on human study. The effect of the dosage form design will serve as important factor to elicit for pharmacological action. The same knowledge is applied for conducting pre-clinical trials and various phases of clinical trials in human beings and other areas of biomedical research.
PO4	Design/ Development of solution: The information and knowledge on the planning and execution of clinical trials the various phases of clinical trials and health outcome measures serves as an important perquisite for the initial phases of development data and bioavailability and bioequivalence studies
PO5	Application oriented knowledge: The knowledge of biopharmaceutics helps in designing a protocol for different types of clinical studies, be it molecular or biochemical or to understand the trends in modern drug discovery. The broad relevance of the subjects has its importance in diagnosis and treatment of diseases and is very well connected to other courses of curriculum. The pharmacological screening, pharmacovigilance, in-vivo drug interaction and toxicity studies are part of drug discovery process.

PO6	Conduct investigations of complete problems: The pharmacology helps to
	understand the biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics principles through different
	types of models. To understand pre-clinical toxicity studies, effect of different
	dosage forms, pharmacokinetics of drug and to assess bioavailability and
	bioequivalence in humans and animals.
PO7	Effective citizenship: Demonstrate social concern for irradiating various diseases
	and disorders for the development of healthy nation. Drug testing by the
	investigators involved a kind of moral trade-off and subjects are asked for to take
	risks for the greater good. Pharmacologist by practicing ethical clinical trials to
	protect human research's subjects. Investigators work in-line with guidelines of the
	regulatory bodies without any sort of ethical lapses and reckless during clinical trials.
PO8	Ethics: Apply citizen science models of public participation in clinical trials for
	health and biomedical research. For any research involving human beings and
	animals the researchers, bioethicists and institutional review board members offers
	their expertise and knowledge for research in animals and human beings. By
	minimizing the risk and towards favorable risk benefit ratio within the context of
	standard clinical practice and research protocols. These requirements are universal
	and are adopted for health, economic, cultural, technological conditions in which
	clinical research is conducted.
PO9	Environmental sustainability: The knowledge of manufacturing medicines also
	create the sustainable pharmacology considering pharmacological substantial carbon
	foot print, going green with ultra-modern bioassay procedures in pharmaceutical
	industries is important than errors. This reduces the usage of animals and modern
	technologies offering sustainable pharmacology. The pharmacology also combines
	the environmental stewardship to improve public health while reducing pollution.
PO10	Self-directed and lifelong learning: Acquire the ability to engage in and
	independent format of employed by pharmaceutical companies. Pharmacologis
	acquire lifelong learning in the expansive format of socio-technological changes.